# STICE TO THE FACTS Knowledge is power — and naver more powerful than when selling a system like the Ludlow.

No Ludlow man has to lie or even color the facts. He doeser, have to pussy-foot around and dedge this point or retrain from mentioning thet one. The Ludlow System is the only system for composing rooms, outside of foundry type, about which the salseman can tell the whole truth with any assurance of cetting the order.

The sorts custer man has to keep away from the amount of type stored in cans, investment in motal, repair cost on machines, etc.

The keyboard man has to be careful not to talk about making corrections, limited range of typefaces, distorted faces, length of time required to make mold or machine changes, difficulty in finding operators, mechanical supervision ra-

The Ludlow position is so strong that, leaving the moral issue out, we are better off to discuss frankly every point about the Ludlow system. There are only two places where the competition make any kind of attack. One is speed, and the other is gray faces. They are to be discussed frankly, sed the truth—all the truth—told about them.

The facts are that the Ludlow is fest, and not slow, and that the printer can get perfect work from slugs if he will do his part.

Some men may feel that if any kind of admission is made it weakens our case. We disagrae with that view entirely. If we decline to talk about these points, we may be sure that our compatitors will have no such hesitancy, and if your prospect is told that the Ludlow is slow and that the faces will not print. and the Ludlow man carefully refrains from touching on these points, the prospect will naturally and inevitably conclude that we have no reply to make: whereas, if he knows the exact truth he will see that there is nothing in these objections. Reasons for sticking to the truth are two-fold. First, no man is a good Ludlow man who does otherwise. Second, both you and our company might be seriously embarrassed and both your interest and that of our company damaged if any other course were to be followed. It must be assumed that the truth will become known, end you know how weak is the position both of a man and his company when any of his state-

ments are found to be untrue.

This company's policy is to tell the whole truth to its customars.

"If the truth won't sell it, don't sell it," - DUNN

quired, etc., etc.

"Standards of Ethics" from the by-laws of the National Printing Equipment Association, of which the Ludlow Typograph

Company is a member, is quoted below:
"Each member of this Association pledges his co-operation to his fellow members and to the industries which they jointly serve in the maintenance of a standard of ethical business practice which has, as its foundation, not alone the principles of honesty and fair dealing, but the advancement of the openeral welfare of the Printing

industry. "The the furtherzance of this standard of ethical practice such member piedges himself. By the occeptance of concentration of the product which he is hayding competior of his products, to relate from hithey or lavid not product to the concentration of the concentration of

competitor's contract or performance theteunder;
"In short: Each member shall he actuated by a spirit of
justice, honor and fairness in all of his relations with his
competitors, members of allied industries and his customers and will endeavor to discourage undir trade
practices even though they may be to his advantage."

# LUDLOW STANDARDS

- It is strictly against Company Policy to: 1. Make false or misleading guarantees or claims con-
  - Make false or misleading guarantees or claims concerning this Company's products.
     Lavishly entertain customers or prospective customers.
    - their employees or others acting for them.

      aron to agree to grant any secret or unearmed allowaron, rebate, refund, commission, or discount, whether
      in the form of money, by cancellation of notes or interest or accounts without payment, or otherwise, or
      extending to certain purchasers apocial service, privileges, or concessions not extended to all purchasers
    - of same class.

      4. Permit purchasers to retain without charge machines and/or equipment or any part thereof for which an allowance has been made.

- 5. Secure in any unfair manner customer's or prospective
- customer's signature to a contract through representation that it is merely an order on approval or otherwise.

  6. Make any malicious statements in defamation of a
- competitor's products, personnel, credit, or financial responsibility.

  7. Absorb freight or other transportation or other charges
- Absorb freight or other transportation or other charg properly payable by the purchaser.
   Allow preferential discounts.
- Allow preferential discounts.
   Accept promissory notes in payment for equipment at
- any interest rate other than 6% per annum.

  10. Directly or indirectly tamper with a competitor's products in order to discredit them with a customer.
- Make threats to the trade and others of suits for patent infringement arising from the sale of alleged infringing products of competitors, such threats not being made in good faith but for the purpose of intimidating
- made in good falls but for the purpose of infinidating the trade and hampering competition.

  12. Maliciously induce or attempt to induce the breach of an existing contract between competitors and their customers, or to interfere with or obstruct the performance of any such contract or contractual duty or service with the curpose and effect of hamperine, inju-

# ing, or embarrassing competitors in their business. OF SPECIAL IMPORTANCE

- Under no circumstances must Ludlow salesmen interfere with existing contracts, or suggest any changes in existing contracts, that have been closed with other manufacturers, or make statements detrimental to the credit standing or general reputation of other companies.
- However, in every case our representatives can always tell the facts and explain the advantages that our equipment offer any prospective user.

# STICK CLOSELY TO FACTS WHEN MENTIONING LUDLOW INSTALLATIONS TO YOUR PROSPECTS

In making any statements about the installation or use of fuellow equipment by plants formerly using competing equipment. It is extremely imported that you addrest rigidly to what you know to be the fact. If you know only that Ladiew what you know to be the fact. If you know only that Ladiew statement, whether competing equipment has been discarded in facr of Lutlow equipment, of course, you know that competing equipment has been discarded in facr of Lutlow equipment, of course, you can nother state

nor imply that such equipment has been discarded.

While the installation of Luddow equipment does often mean
the discarding of competing equipment, this does not always
follow. For example, in a composing room formerly on a sortcaster basis, any one of the following conditions may be obtained after the installation of the Luddow;

- (a) Ludlow equipment may be handling only the larger typeface sizes, italics, etc.
- (b) The sorts caster equipment may still be used for producing certain typefaces not available on the Ludlow.
   (c) The caster equipment may still be used in connection.
  - The caster equipment may still be used in connection with the keyboard for producing certain tabular matter or other special work, or for producing strip material.

If the instructions outlined below are carefully followed, it will greatly facilitate entering, filling and invoicing customors orders, which will naturally result in better service to the customer.

General Instructions:

As the customar's order constitutes part of our permanent record, it should be prepared in a nest mannar and be written

on the typewriter or in ink where possible.

All cash orders should be signed by the customer. Time

orders must be accompanied by a time contract made out in

duplicate and signed by the customer.

Consistently small cash orders from reliable users may be 'phoned to our representatives. Such orders should indicate that the order was piaced by 'phone, and the name of the individual 'hoesing the order should appear on the order.

The customer abould be saked to specify the routing on every order. If shipment via motor truck is specified, unsist on the name of the truck line to be used. All truck lines are not reliable, and because of the value of our equipment the truck line should be specified by the customar, to relieve us of responsibility for his equipment if anything goes wrong. Parts and Miscellaneaou Mattk Orders:

Orders for machine parts and miscelleseous metrices from users should be written up on Form #A-27 (Order for Machine Parts and Matrices).

To assist in filling orders promptly and correctly, care

should be exercised to see that the parts ordered are suitable for the particular machine for which they are intended. In listing items, do not intermingle parts with matrices, and when convenient the list of parts should be in numerical sequence scording to symbol numbers.

quence eccording to symbol numbers.

Use a separate line for each item, and in addition to the symbol number list the name of the part or matrices required.

ol number list the name of the part or ma List the unit price and extend the total.

List the unit price and extend the total.

In ordering parts the machina number should be shown in
the provided space, for checking purposes. When convenient,
separate forms should be used for each mechanic, but orders

for Elrod machine and Ludlow machine parts should always be written up on separate forms. Machine Orders:

On machine orders and large orders a list of the equipment, mechine, fonts, matrices, etc., should be made on standard forms provided.

Care should be taken in listing the proper corporate name of new users.

The street address should always include "Street", "Ave-

nue", "Boulevard", etc. For example, don't morely mark the atrest address as "514 State". It should be "514 State Ave.", "State Street", "State Blvd.", etc., as the case may be. Fill in opposite "Ship by" the date on which the customer

expects us to forward the equipment.

Be cartain the electrical specifications furnished are correct. This can be rechecked by noting electrical specifications on name plates on other electrical equipment in the plant. If there is the lesset doubt about the electrical specifications, consult the local power company. This is perfectably true if the customer specifies 110 volta. The wittage of the Luddow and Elrod equipment generally makes the use of the 220 volt newer line more economical.

The gas specifications for a Ludlow or Elrod machine should

be obtained from the local gas company.

The user classification should be filled in on every machine codes, While this information is generally available to us in blue books, Ayer's manual, etc., we cannot feel sure that our statistical records are correct unless our representatives who are on the ground cooperate in filling in this part of the specificaction.

cetions for us.

In making up Ludlow machine specifications, the following should be carefully taken into consideration:

Include sufficient cabinets so drawers will be available for the feats ordered. (The Lining Gothle, Victoria Italic and Engravers Bold fonts are cap fonts and are stored two fonts to the drawer.)

Unless Universal matrix cabinets are ordered, 1¼" drawers must be ordered for all 1¾" fonts.

When Universal matrix cabinets are ordered, include the

required space trays, italic filler blocks, etc.

Spaces and quade should be ordered to fill the space
cases of the cabinets ordered. At least one set of %"
roman spaces and quad blocks should be ordered for
each snull-top cabinet.

each angle-top cannot. The talks spaces and quad blocks should be ordered in proportion to the italic fonts included in the order. High spaces and quads, both roman and italic, should be included in the spacifications if single-shue strike known.

mgn spaces and quant, noni roman and rain; anound be included in the specifications if single-slug sticks longer than 22½ em are included. Division quads should be included to accommodate all the multiple-slug sticks ordered. It is well to add one

additional roman and italic division quad to the minimum requirement. Matrix sticks should be in proportion to the number of compositors who will use the equipment.

A Lutlow Supersurfacer should be included in all orders from trade plants, and on all orders from users who will pith the larger sizes in the bolder typefoces on costed sock. While some newsperse, particularly those printing rotogravure sections, have installed Supersurfacers, it a felt that this methics is not essential in the average that the last property of the section of the section of the Eleber the Lee Pot Well Scraper or Plunger and Well Clessing Outlife is to be included in sech machine order.

from a new user. If our representetives fail to include one of these, it will he necessary for us to add the plunger and well cleaning outlif to the specifications, and advise the customer that it was omitted from the specifications in error.

It is desirable to include with each order from a new

It is desirable to include with each order from a new user one extra alcited mouthpiece and one extra hottom trim knife.

A blank slug block should be included with each machine purchased.

A precision stick lock is desirable in plants where con-

siderable recasting, particularly from ruleform matrices, can be expected.

The specifications from a new customer should always

### so indicate if the customer has not elreedy been supplied with e specimen book of Ludlow typefoces. TELEGRAMS

Under ordinary circumstances, our representatives should ask the customet to pay the tolegram charges on orders wired in to us. Orders should not be sent in by telegram collect unless absolutely necessary. When sending telegrams for parts, equipment, etc., code words should be used whetever possible to reduce the cost of the message.

Becent changes in the code message rules of the telegraph and cohe companies now peer into the sof code words and cohe companies now peer into the sof code words and and cohe companies now peer into the soft code words on the code of the code of the code words of the code of the code of the code code on the code of the code words can now the used and other forms of deferred messages, so well as straight messages, code of the code words are deficiently words. As a code of the code words are deficiently words, the code words are code of the code words are deficiently words, the code words are code of the code words are deficiently words, the code words on coded telegrams will not insterted with our present code of the code words are the code words are code of the code words are code of the code words.

#### Confidential Information for Ludlow Salesman

### CENTRAL INSTRUCTIONS TO REPRESENTATIVES

Five-letter code words may be used in cables from other countries in "code messages". In such messages every five letters count as one word. If explanatory words, etc., other than the code words in such a cable are words having more than five letters, such words are counted as two words, but the rate on coded messages is only 60% of the rate of the straight message. These code messages receive the same treatment and should be delivered as quickly as straight messages. Code words cannot be used in deferred rate cables. When sending in coded messages ordering Ludlow or Elrod machines, be sure to include code words in the message which will give complete information as to the mold length, voltage, crucible, etc. For example, a telegram reading: "Ship to....ABHOR ABOMA ACCRA ACHIN" de-coded

would read:

motor, electric-hested crucible, self-contained water system, extrs-pressure parts, slotted mouthpiece combination 12 pt. 223/2-em dou-

ble water cooled mold, ABOMA ..... 220 Volt Direct Current tion of the Ludlow machine can be given.

ACCRA - Electric crucible not to be included but gas crucible substituted. ACHIN -Extra-pressure parts not to be included" In this way by using four code words, a complete descrip-